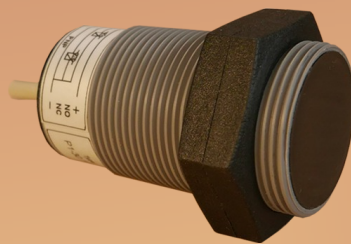


"ESA Control" Ltd

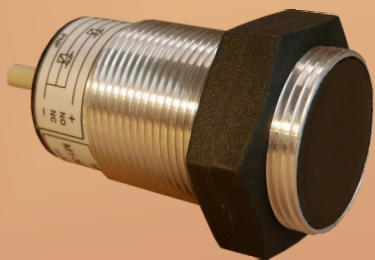


**DIRECT CURRENT**

**INDUCTIVE**

**PROXIMITY SENSORS**

**DC, 2-wire**



Bulgaria  
5300 Gabrovo  
3, Stancionna str.  
Tel./fax: +359 66 860543  
E-mail: [office@esa-control.com](mailto:office@esa-control.com)  
Site: <http://www.esa-control.com>

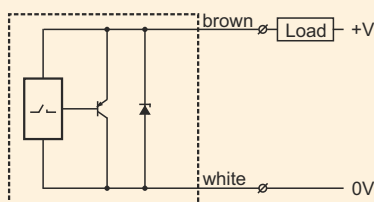
## Purpose and areas of application

The presented inductive proximity sensors serve to commutate direct current 2-wire electric circuits. They act on the basis of induction - if a metal piece is brought to the active surface, the output switches over - the electric circuit opens or shuts. Lack of physical contact between object and inductive proximity sensors ensures their high reliability and long-lasting exploitation. They are used for automatic transfer lines, metalworking machines, textile, wood working, packaging and other machines. They find place in solving automation problems, especially in conditions of: high quantity of dust, moisture, lubricants and oils, under vibrations and prolonged regime of working.

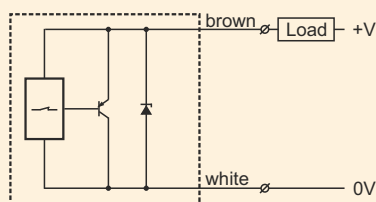
## Technical parameters

Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30VDC (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3,6V
Load current, $I_{out}$	1...80mA
Current consumption, $I_s$	0,2mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125mA (25°C)
Fall time and Rise time, $t_f/t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Hysteresis, $h$	15%
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25...+70°C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Output indicator	LED
Joining cable	2x0,25mm <sup>2</sup> , PVC, L=2m

## Schemes of connection

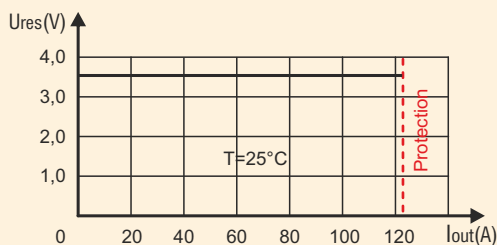


Scheme 61 (NO)



Scheme 62 (NC)

## Output characteristic /residual voltage/



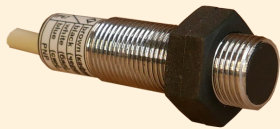


fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented M12 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

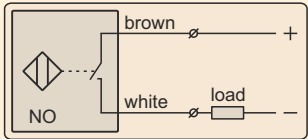
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	3.5 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	1000 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f / t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	M12x1, L = 45 mm
Housing - metallic	CuZn (Ni plated)
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

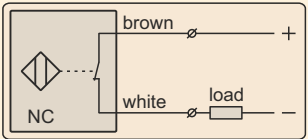
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
M1-12.61.K	NO	61
M1-12.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**



Scheme 61



Scheme 62

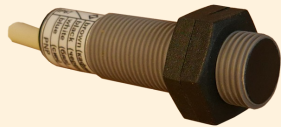


fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented M12 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

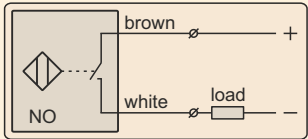
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	5.0 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	800 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f / t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	M12x1, L = 45 mm
Housing - plastic	PVC
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

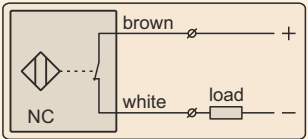
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
P1-12.61.K	NO	61
P1-12.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**



Scheme 61



Scheme 62

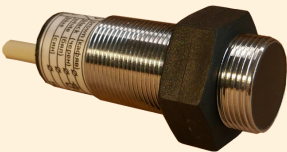


fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented M18 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

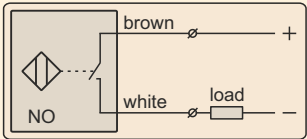
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	5.0 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	600 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f/t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	M18x1, L = 49 mm
Housing - metallic	CuZn (Ni plated)
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

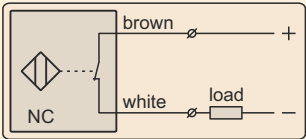
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
M1-18.61.K	NO	61
M1-18.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**



Scheme 61



Scheme 62

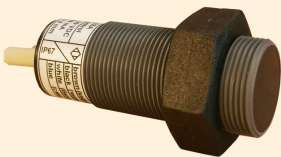


fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented M18 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

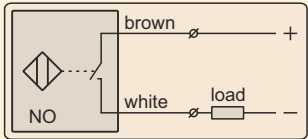
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	8.0 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	400 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f / t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	M18x1, L = 49 mm
Housing - plastic	PVC
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

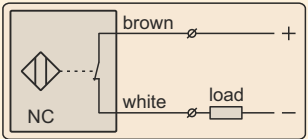
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
P1-18.61.K	NO	61
P1-18.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**



Scheme 61



Scheme 62

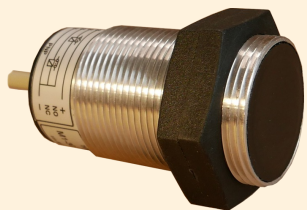


fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented M30 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

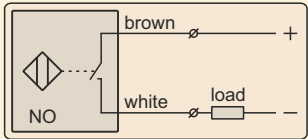
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	9.5 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	300 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f/t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	M30x1.5, L = 53 mm
Housing - metallic	Al (aluminum)
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

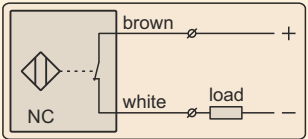
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
M1-30.61.K	NO	61
M1-30.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**



Scheme 61



Scheme 62

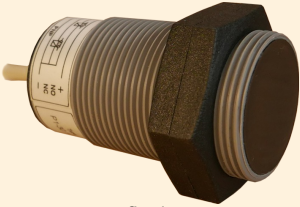


fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented M30 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

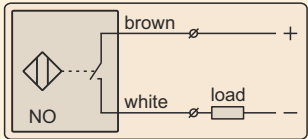
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	14.0 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	150 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f / t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	M30x1.5, L = 53 mm
Housing - plastic	PVC
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

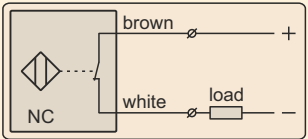
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
P1-30.61.K	NO	61
P1-30.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**



Scheme 61



Scheme 62



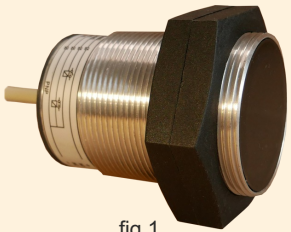


fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented M40 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

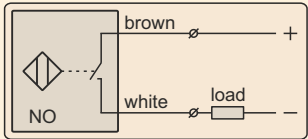
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	14.0 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	150 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f / t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	M40x1.5, L = 55 mm
Housing - metallic	Al (aluminum)
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

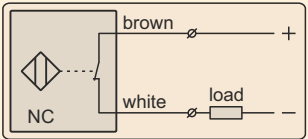
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
M1-40.61.K	NO	61
M1-40.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**



Scheme 61



Scheme 62

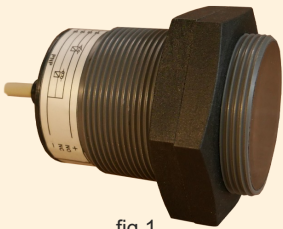


fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented M40 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

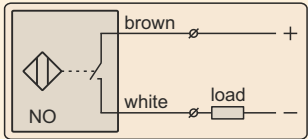
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	24.0 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	100 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f / t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	M40x1.5, L = 55 mm
Housing - plastic	PVC
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

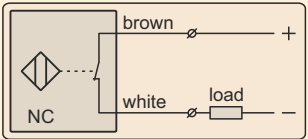
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
P1-40.61.K	NO	61
P1-40.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**



Scheme 61



Scheme 62



fig.1

**Operating principle**

The presented P3-60 inductive proximity sensor serves to switch 2-wire direct current circuits. Its output is switched when passing metal objects in front of its active part. The inductive proximity sensor is resistant to moisture and dust. It has a long service life thanks to the non-contact switching of the electrical circuit in which it is connected.

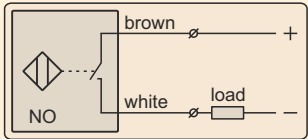
**Technical parameters**

Operating distance, $S_n$	12.5 mm
Hysteresis, $h$	4...15%
Supply voltage, $U_s$	8...30 Vdc (Ripple $\pm 10\%$ )
Residual voltage, $U_{res}$	3.6 V
Load current (max), $I_{out}$	1...80 mA
Protection of output (scanning), $I_{prot}$	125 mA (25°C)
Current consumption, $I_s$	0.2 mA
Switching frequency (max), $f_o$	100 Hz
Time of fall / rise, $t_f / t_r$	400 $\mu$ s / 20 $\mu$ s
Operating temperature range, $T_{amb}$	-25°...+70° C
Degree of protection of the sensors	IP67 (IEC144)
Light output indicator	LED
Joining - cable	2x0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> , L=2 m, PVC
Overall dimensions	60x30x15 mm
Housing	PA6 (polyamide)
Features:	
Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.	
Protection of the output from overcurrent and short circuit.	

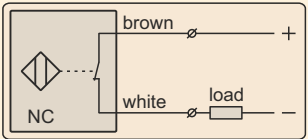
**Type parameters**

Type	Output function	Scheme of connection
P3-60.61.K	NO	61
P3-60.62.K	NC	62

**Schemes of connection**

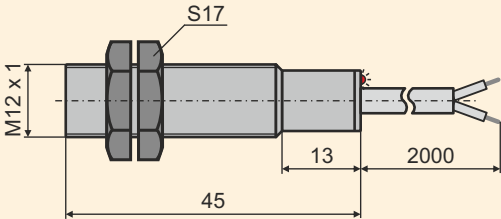


Scheme 61

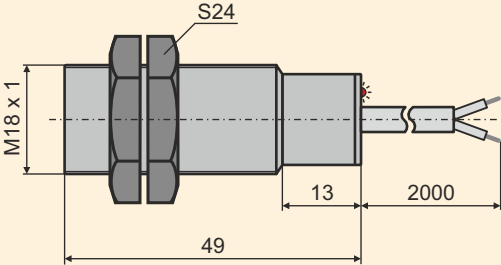


Scheme 62

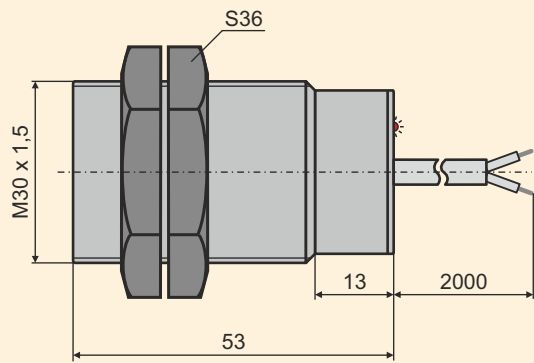
M12



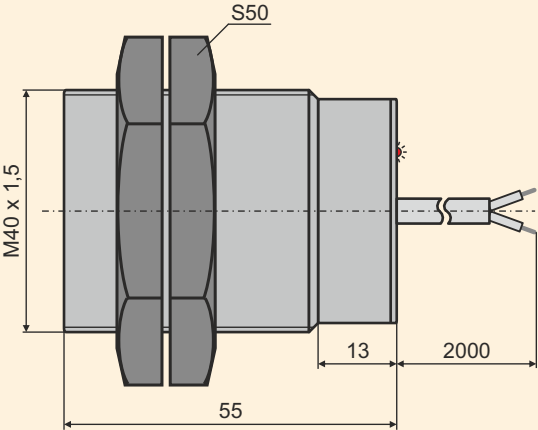
M18



M30



M40



P3-60

