

THRU-BEAM

PHOTOELECTRIC SENSORS

for direct current

DC



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fig.1

The presented M8 photoelectric thru-beam sensor is a system of two housings - transmitter and receiver, located opposite each other. They are interconnected by a modulated infrared light beam. When an object passes between the emitter and the receiver, the light beam is interrupted and the output of the receiver is switched from one state to another. The receiver output indicator lights up when the receiver output is active.

Technical parameters

Operating distance, *Sn*Supply voltage, *Us*Residual voltage (max), *Ures*Load current (max), *lout*Protection of output (scanning), *lprot*Current consumption, *Is*Switching frequency (max), *fo*Spectrum area of operating
Operating ambient illumination
Operating temperature range, *Tamb*

Degree of protection Output light indicator

Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - transmitter Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - receiver Overall dimensions

Housing - metallic

Full protection to 40V:

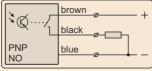
Protection from improper inclusion, overcurrent and short-circuit at the output.

0...1 m 9...36 VDC (Ripple ±10 %) 0,8 V (I = 250 mA) 250 mA 350 mA (25°C) 17 mA (10mA / T + 7mA / R) 300 Hz 850...950 nm 0...10'000 Lx -25°...+70°C IP65

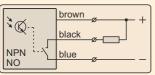
LED 2x0.25 mm² L=2 m, PVC 3x0.25 mm² L=2 m, PVC M8x1, L=46 mm CuZn (Ni plated)

Type parameters

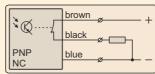
Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OBM1-08.11.FK	PNP / NO	11
OBM1-08.12.FK	PNP / NC	12
OBM1-08.21.FK	NPN / NO	21
OBM1-08.22.FK	NPN / NC	22
OBM1-08.63.F	Transmitter	63



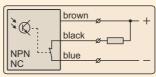
Scheme 11



Scheme 21



Scheme 12



Scheme 22



Scheme 63





fig.1

The presented M12 photoelectric thru-beam sensor is a system of two housings - transmitter and receiver, located opposite each other. They are interconnected by a modulated infrared light beam. When an object passes between the emitter and the receiver, the light beam is interrupted and the output of the receiver is switched from one state to another. The receiver output indicator lights up when the receiver output is active.

Technical parameters

Operating distance, *Sn*Supply voltage, *Us*Residual voltage (max), *Ures*Load current (max), *lout*Protection of output (scanning), *Iprot*Current consumption, *Is*Switching frequency (max), *fo*Spectrum area of operating
Operating ambient illumination
Operating temperature range, *Tamb*Degree of protection
Output light indicator
Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - transmitter
Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - receiver
Overall dimensions
Housing - plastic

Full protection to 40V:

Protection from improper inclusion, overcurrent and short-circuit at the outputs.

0...5 m 9...36VDC (Ripple ±10 %) 0,8 V (I = 250 mA) 250 mA 350 mA (25°C) 18 mA (11mA / T + 7mA / R) 250 Hz 850...950 nm 0...10'000 Lx -25°...+70°C IP65 LED 2x0.25 mm². L=2 m, PVC 4x0.25 mm². L=2 m, PVC

M12x1. L=56 mm

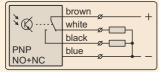
PVC

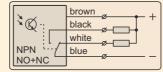
Type parameters

Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OBP1-12.10.FK	PNP / NO+NC	10
OBP1-12.20.FK	NPN / NO+NC	20
OBP1-12.63.F	Transmitter	63

Schemes of connection

Scheme 10







Scheme 20 Scheme 63





fig.1

The presented M18 photoelectric thru-beam sensor is a system of two housings - transmitter and receiver, located opposite each other. They are interconnected by a modulated infrared light beam. When an object passes between the emitter and the receiver, the light beam is interrupted and the output of the receiver is switched from one state to another. The receiver output indicator lights up when the receiver output is active.

Technical parameters

Operating distance, Sn Supply voltage, Us

Residual voltage (max), Ures Load current (max). lout

Protection of output (scanning), Iprot

Current consumption, Is

Switching frequency (max), fo

Spectrum area of operating

Operating ambient illumination

Operating temperature range, Tamb

Degree of protection

Output light indicator

Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - transmitter Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - receiver

Overall dimensions

Housing - plastic

Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.

Protection of the outputs from overcurrent and short circuit.

0...10 m

10...30 VDC (Ripple ±10 %)

0.8 V (I = 250 mA)

250 mA

350 mA (25°C)

28 mA (16mA/T + 12mA/R)

250 Hz

850...950 nm

0...10'000 Lx

-25°...+70°C

IP65 **LED**

2x0.25 mm², L=2 m, PVC 4x0.25 mm², L=2 m, PVC

M18x1. L=65 mm

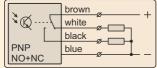
PVC

Type parameters

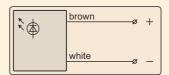
Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OBP1-18.10.FK	PNP / NO+NC	10
OBP1-18.20.FK	NPN / NO+NC	20
OBP1-18.63.F	Transmitter	63

brown

black







Scheme 63





fig.1

The presented M18/L thru-beam photoelectric sensor is used for operation in a wide range of ambient light-from dark to direct sunlight without changing its sensitivity and operating distance (Sn). Can be used indoors and outdoors. It is designed for switching direct current electrical circuits. The sensor is a system of two housings - transmitter and receiver, located opposite each other. They are interconnected by a modulated infrared light beam. When an object passes between the emitter and the receiver, the light beam is interrupted and the output of the receiver is switched from one state to another. The receiver output indicator lights up when the receiver output is active.

Technical parameters

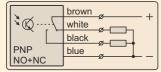
Operating distance, Sn Supply voltage, Us Residual voltage (max), Ures Load current (max), lout Protection of output (scanning), Iprot Current consumption, Is Switching frequency (max), fo Spectrum area of operating Operating ambient illumination Operating temperature range, Tamb Degree of protection Output light indicator Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - transmitter Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - receiver Overall dimensions Housing - plastic Full protection to 40V:

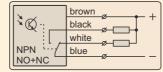
Protection from improper inclusion, overcurrent and short-circuit at the outputs.

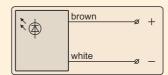
0...20 m 9...36 VDC (Ripple ±10 %) 0,8 V (I = 250 mA) 250 mA 350 mA (25°C) 25 mA (16mA / T + 9mA / R) 250 Hz 850...950 nm 0...180'000 Lx -25°...+70°C IP65 LED 2x0.25 mm2, L=2 m, PVC 4x0.25 mm2. L=2 m. PVC M18x1, L=65 mm **PVC**

Type parameters

Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OBP1-18.10.FKL	PNP / NO+NC	10
OBP1-18.20.FKL	NPN / NO+NC	20
OBP1-18.63.F	Transmitter	63







Scheme 10 Scheme 20

Scheme 63



fig.1

The presented OBP3-60 photoelectric thru-beam sensor is a system of two housings - transmitter and receiver, located opposite each other. They are interconnected by a modulated infrared light beam. When an object passes between the emitter and the receiver, the light beam is interrupted and the output of the receiver is switched from one state to another. The receiver output indicator lights up when the receiver output is active.

Technical parameters

Operating distance, *Sn*Supply voltage, *Us*Residual voltage (max), *Ures*Load current (max), *lout*Protection of output (scanning), *Iprot*Current consumption, *Is*Switching frequency (max), *fo*Spectrum area of operating
Operating ambient illumination
Operating temperature range, *Tamb*Degree of protection

Output light indicator Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - transmitter Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - receiver Overall dimensions

Housing - plastic

Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage.

Protection of the outputs from overcurrent and short circuit.

0...10 m

10...30 VDC (Ripple ±10 %) 0,8 V (I = 250 mA)

250 mÀ

350 mA (25°C)

28 mA (16mA / T + 12mA / R) 250 Hz 850...950 nm

0...10'000 Lx -25°...+70°C

IP65 LED

2x0.25 mm², L=2 m, PVC

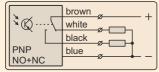
4x0.25 mm², L=2 m, PVC

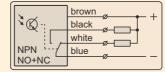
60x36x15 mm PA6 (Polyamide)

Type parameters

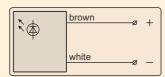
Ту	ре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OBP3-60	.10.FK	PNP / NO+NC	10
OBP3-60	.20.FK	NPN / NO+NC	20
OBP3-60	.63.F	Transmitter	63

Schemes of connection





Scheme 20



Scheme 63



fig.1

The presented OBP3-60/L thru-beam photoelectric sensor is used for operation in a wide range of ambient light - from dark to direct sunlight without changing its sensitivity and operating distance (Sn). Can be used indoors and outdoors. It is designed for switching direct current electrical circuits. The sensor is a system of two housings - transmitter and receiver, located opposite each other. They are interconnected by a modulated infrared light beam. When an object passes between the emitter and the receiver, the light beam is interrupted and the output of the receiver is switched from one state to another. The receiver output indicator lights up when the receiver output is active.

Technical parameters

Operating distance, Sn Supply voltage, Us Residual voltage (max), Ures Load current (max), lout Protection of output (scanning), Iprot Current consumption, Is Switching frequency (max), fo Spectrum area of operating Operating ambient illumination Operating temperature range, Tamb Degree of protection Output light indicator Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - transmitter Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - receiver Overall dimensions Housing - plastic Full protection to 40V:

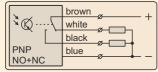
Protection from improper inclusion, overcurrent and short-circuit at the outputs.

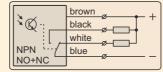
0...20 m 9...36 VDC (Ripple ±10 %) 0,8 V (I = 250 mA) 250 mA 350 mA (25°C) 25 mA (16mA / T + 9mA / R) 250 Hz 850...950 nm 0...180'000 Lx -25°...+70°C IP65 LED 2x0.25 mm², L=2 m, PVC 4x0.25 mm², L=2 m, PVC 60x36x15 mm

PA6 (Polyamide)

Type parameters

Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OBP3-60.10.FKL	PNP / NO+NC	10
OBP3-60.20.FKL	NPN / NO+NC	20
OBP3-60.63.F	Transmitter	63







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fig.1

The presented M30/L thru-beam photoelectric sensor is used for operation in a wide range of ambient light-from dark to direct sunlight without changing its sensitivity and operating distance (Sn). Can be used indoors and outdoors. It is designed for switching direct current electrical circuits. The sensor is a system of two housings - transmitter and receiver, located opposite each other. They are interconnected by a modulated infrared light beam. When an object passes between the emitter and the receiver, the light beam is interrupted and the output of the receiver is switched from one state to another. The receiver output indicator lights up when the receiver output is active.

Technical parameters

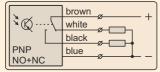
Operating distance, Sn Supply voltage, Us Residual voltage (max), Ures Load current (max), lout Protection of output (scanning), Iprot Current consumption, Is Switching frequency (max), fo Spectrum area of operating Operating ambient illumination Operating temperature range, Tamb Degree of protection Output light indicator Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - transmitter Joining - cable "LIYY" (grey) - receiver Overall dimensions Housing - plastic Full protection to 40V:

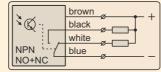
Protection from improper inclusion, overcurrent and short-circuit at the outputs.

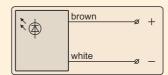
0...50 m 9...36 VDC (Ripple ±10 %) 0,8 V (I = 250 mA) 250 mA 350 mA (25°C) 27 mA (18mA / T + 9mA / R) 100 Hz 850...950 nm 0...180'000 Lx -25°...+70°C IP65 LED 2x0.25 mm2, L=2 m, PVC 4x0.25 mm². L=2 m. PVC M30x1.5, L=80 mm **PVC**

Type parameters

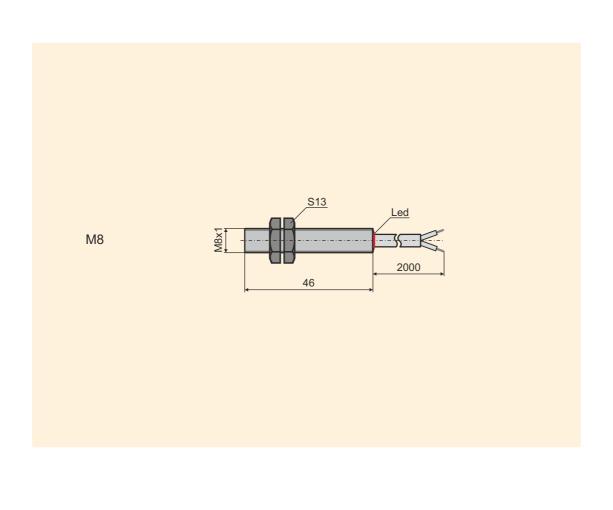
Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OBP1-30.10.FKL	PNP / NO+NC	10
OBP1-30.20.FKL	NPN / NO+NC	20
OBP1-30.63.F	Transmitter	63

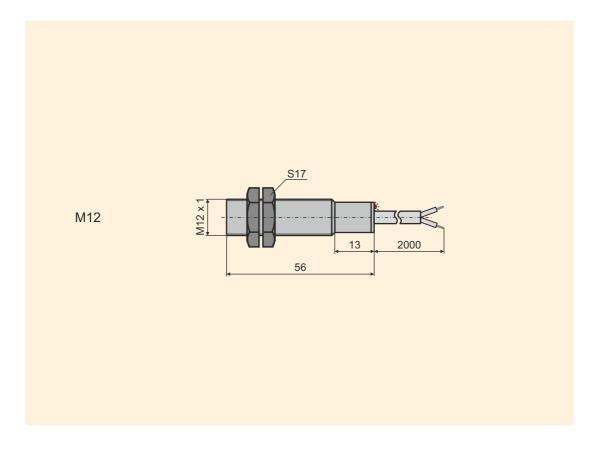


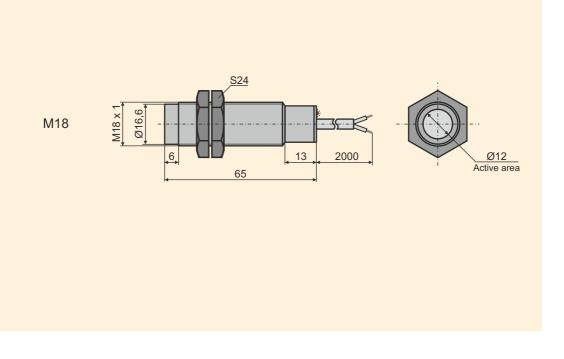


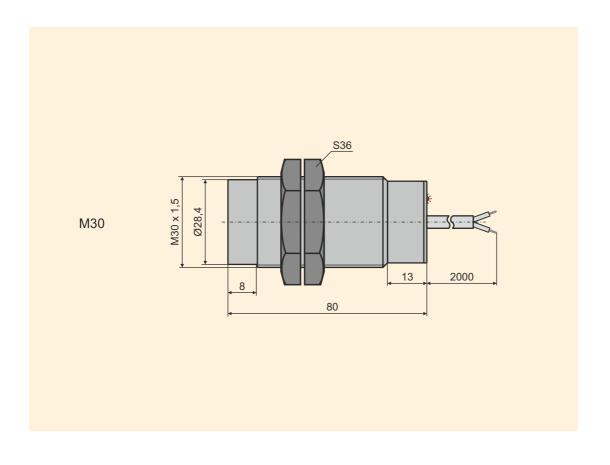


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OBP3-60

