

FORK TYPE

PHOTOELECTRIC SENSORS

for direct current

DC



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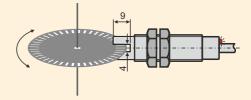


fig.1

The presented fork type photoelectric sensor serves to switch direct current circuits. The principle of operation consists in the emitting and the receiving an unmodulated (constant) light ray in the infrared area of the spectrum. When an object passes through the sensor slot, the light ray is interrupted and the sensor output switches from one state to another. The sensor has a good resolution (0,5 mm) and is used to measure the revolutions of shafts and other rotating objects. When there is an object in the sensor slot, the output indicator lights up.

Technical parameters

Operating distance (slotted width), *Sn* Supply voltage, *Us* Residual voltage (max), *Ures* Load current (max), *lout* Protection of output (scanning), *Iprot* Current consumption, *Is* Switching frequency (max), *fo* Spectrum area of operating Operating ambient illumination Operating temperature range, *Tamb* Degree of protection Light output indicator

Housing - metallic Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage. Protection of the outputs from overcurrent and short circuit. 4 mm
11...30 VDC (Ripple ±10 %)
0,8 V (I = 250 mA)
250 mA
350 mA (25°C)
10 mA
10 kHz
850...950 nm
3'000 Lx
-10°...+50°C
IP65
LED
4x0,25 mm², L=2 m
M18x1, L=60 mm
CuZn (Ni plated)

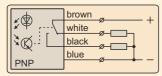
Type parameters

Connection cable

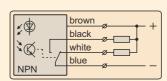
Overall dimensions

Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OVM1-18.10.FK	PNP / NO+NC	10
OVM1-18.20.FK	NPN / NO+NC	20

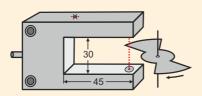
Schemes of connection



Scheme 10



Scheme 20







The presented fork type photoelectric sensor serves to switch direct current circuits. The principle of operation consists in the emitting and the receiving an unmodulated (constant) light ray in the infrared area of the spectrum. When an object passes through the sensor slot, the light ray is interrupted and the sensor output switches from one state to another. The sensor has a good resolution (1,0 mm) and is used to measure the revolutions of shafts and other rotating objects. When there is an object in the sensor slot, the output indicator lights up.

Technical parameters

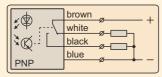
Operating distance (slotted width), *Sn* Supply voltage, *Us* Residual voltage (max), *Ures* Load current (max), *lout* Protection of output (scanning), *Iprot* Current consumption, *Is* Switching frequency (max), *fo* Spectrum area of operating Operating ambient illumination Operating temperature range, *Tamb* Degree of protection Light output indicator Connection cable Overall dimensions

Housing - plastic Protection from reverse inclusion of the supply voltage. Protection of the outputs from overcurrent and short circuit. 30 mm 11...30 VDC (Ripple ±10 %) 0,8 V (I = 250 mA) 250 mA 350 mA (25°C) 18 mA 200 Hz 850...950 nm 3'000 Lx -10°...+50°C IP65 LED 4×0,25 mm², L=2 m 75x18x52 mm

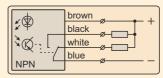
Type parameters

Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OVP4-75.10.FK	PNP / NO+NC	10
OVP4-75.20.FK	NPN / NO+NC	20

Schemes of connection



Scheme 10



PVC

Scheme 20





fig.1

The OVP4-70 fork type photoelectric sensor consists of a transmitter and a receiver located in one housing. The principle of operation consists in the emitting and the receiving a modulated light ray in the visible area of the spectrum. The sensor is used in labelling machines for positioning and counting of labels located on a transparent or translucent carrier tape. The distance between the labels should not be less than 1mm. The sensor can register labels moving at speeds of up to 200 pcs./sec. The sensor output indicator lights up when there is no label in the slot between the transmitter and the receiver.

Technical parameters

Operating distance (slotted width), *Sn* Supply voltage, *Us* Residual voltage (max), *Ures* Load current (max), *lout* Protection of output (scanning), *Iprot* Current consumption, *Is* Switching frequency (max), *fo* Spectrum area of operating Operating ambient illumination Operating temperature range, *Tamb* Degree of protection Light output indicator Connection cable Overall dimensions Housing - plastic

Full protection to 40V:

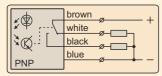
Protection against incorrect connection of cables, current overload and short-circuit at the outputs.

10 mm 9...36 VDC (Ripple ±10 %) 0,8 V (I = 250 mA) 250 mA 350 mA (25°C) 10 mA 200 Hz 640 nm (red light) 3'000 Lx -10°...+50°C IP54 LED 4x0,25 mm², L=2 m 70x24x35 mm

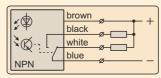
Type parameters

Туре	Output function	Scheme of connection
OVP4-70.10.RKT	PNP / NO+NC	10
OVP4-70.20.RKT	NPN / NO+NC	20

Schemes of connection



Scheme 10



PVC

Scheme 20



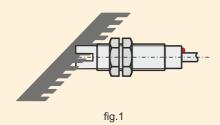
The OV1-18.24.F photoelectric fork type sensor has two output signals A and B, which are shifted on phase of 90° (at raster of the observed object 0,5mm). It is used as a sensor to measure the angular and linear displacements, as well as to determine the direction of rotation of shafts or linearly moving objects. The principle of operation consists in the emitting and the receiving an unmodulated (constant) light ray in the infrared area of the spectrum. The sensor has a good resolution (0.5 mm). The output indicators of the signals A and B light up when there is no object in the working gap.

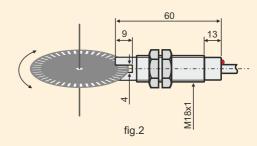
Technical parameters

Operating distance (slotted width), Sn Supply voltage, Us Residual voltage, Ures Load current (max), lout Current consumption, Is Outputs Outputs A and B shifted on phases Operating frequency (max), fo Fall time and Rise time, tf/tr Spectrum area of operating Operating ambient illumination (max) Operating temperature range, Tamb Degree of protection Indication of outputs A and B Connection cable Overall dimensions Housing - metallic

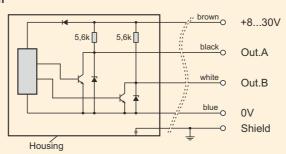
4 mm 8...30 Vdc (Ripple ±10 %) 0,45 V (I = 20 mA)100 mA 25 mA A and B (res. 5.6K to Us) 90° electr. (at raster 0,5 mm) 10 kHz $0.1 \mu s / 1.0 \mu s$ 850...950 nm 3'000 Lx -10°...+50°C **IP65** 2 x LED $4x0,25 \text{ mm}^2 + \text{shield}, L=2 \text{ m}$ M18x1, L=60 mm CuZn (Ni plated)

Illustration and overall dimensions

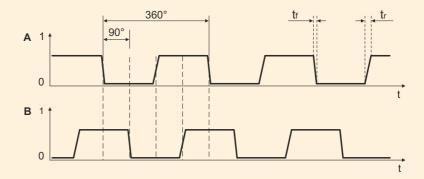




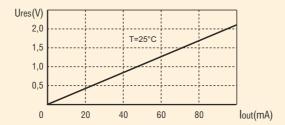
Scheme of connection



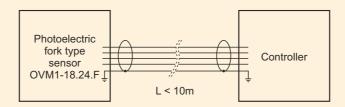
Time diagram of output signals

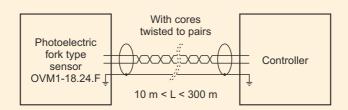


Output characteristics (Residual voltage)

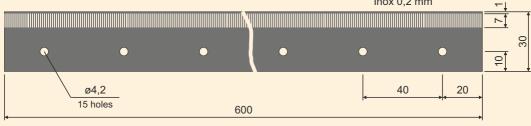


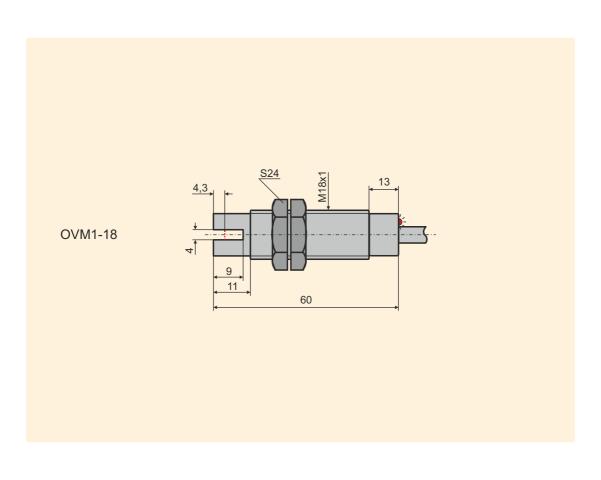
Connection with controller

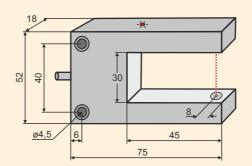












OVP4-75

